

# IMPACT DEVELOPMENT PRINCIPLES SKILL DEVELOPMENT U9-U12

Continue to build technical habits, ball mastery, 1v1, and intro to defending skills. Passing skills are advanced to increase range from short to medium, including two and three player combinations.

Coaches to adopt transformational coaching methods with a focus on individual player development within a team game.

Players introduced and trained with an emphasis on attacking & defending principles of play. Game-based training is preferred training method.

# KEY DEVELOPMENT GOALS -

## **PRINCIPLES OF PLAY**

ATTACK: THROUGH, AROUND, OVER - WIDTH - DEPTH - SPACE DEFEND: COMPACT - DEPTH & COVER - PRESSURE





#### RECENT RESEARCH IN COACHING IS HIGHLIGHTING

The importance of players experiencing and developing game understanding (i.e. technically, tactically, mentally, and physically) by learning to play via learning environments that contain the key information sources present in performance or match environments. In simple terms;

The coach should not be the main problem-solver during training, constantly instructing the athlete how to complete a task rather, it is the coach's challenge to place the athlete at the center of the learning process and design the training environment around their needs. Mark O'Sullivan

Repetition without repetition in training - requires athletes to repeatedly solve problems that they may face in competition, as opposed to rehearsing a single technical movement solution in isolated drills.



#### Technical Tactical

Game principles in attack and defense

Continue to build technical habits.

Vision & awareness are a core priority

Passing skills are advanced to increase range from short to med.



#### Physical

Focus on agility, speed and running technique within soccer exercises.

Use small-sided games to enhance speed of actions and decision making.

Coaches must adapt to the physiological changes that occur in this age group, especially girls.



#### Mental

Players can be self critical during this stage & need positive reinforcement.

Individually competitive, which can be used in training as a motivational tool.

Challenge players with questioning & problemsolving games.



### Social Emotional

Start to engage players to take ownership within the environment.

Encourage self responsibility and empower the players.

Set the foundation of high-performance habits.